

VIII Homework - 31

1) Identify in the following expressions, terms which are not constants. Give their numerical coefficients:
 $xy+4$; $13-y^2$; $13-y+5y^2$; $4p^2q-3pq^2+5$

ans:-

expression	terms	numerical coefficients
$xy+4$	xy	1
$13-y^2$	$-y^2$	-1
$13-y+5y^2$	$-y, 5y^2$	-1, 5
$4p^2q-3pq^2+5$	$4p^2q, -3pq^2$	4, -3

2) (a) what are the coefficients of x in the following expressions? $4x-3y$, $8-x+y$, y^2x-y , $2z-5xz$

ans:-

expression	coefficient of x
$4x-3y$	4
$8-x+y$	-1
y^2x-y	y^2
$2z-5xz$	$-5z$

(b) what are the coefficients of y in the following expression
 $4x-3y$, $8+yz$, yz^2+5 , $my+m$

ans:-

expression	coefficient of y
$4x-3y$	-3
$8+yz$	z
yz^2+5	z^2
$my+m$	m

3) Classify the following expressions as a monomial, a binomial or a trinomial:

a , $a+b$, $ab+a+b$, $a+b-5$, xy , $xy+5$, $5x^2-x+2$,
 $4pq-3q+5p$, 7 , $4m-7n+10$, $4mn+7$

ans:-

monomial	binomial	trinomial
a	$a+b$	$ab+a+b$
xy	$xy+5$	$a+b-5$
7	$4mn+7$	$5x^2-x+2$
		$4pq-3q+5p$
		$4m-7n+10$

4) Collect like terms and simplify the expression:
 $12m^2 - 9m + 5m - 4m^2 - 7m + 10$

ans:- $(12m^2 - 4m^2) + (5m - 9m - 7m) + 10$
 $= 8m^2 - 11m + 10$

5) Add and Subtract
 (i) $m - n, m + n$

ans:- On adding:- $m - n + m + n = 2m$

On Subtracting:- $m - n - m - n = -2n$

(ii) $mn + 5 - 2, mn + 3$

ans:- On adding:- $mn + 5 - 2 + mn + 3 = (mn + mn) + (5 - 2 + 3)$
 $= 2mn + 6$

On Subtracting:- $mn + 5 - 2 - mn - 3 = 3 - 3 = 0$

6) Subtract $24ab - 10b - 18a$ from $30ab + 12b + 14a$

ans:- $(30ab + 12b + 14a) - (24ab - 10b - 18a)$
 $= 30ab + 12b + 14a - 24ab + 10b + 18a$
 $= (30ab - 24ab) + (12b + 10b) + (14a + 18a)$
 $= 6ab + 22b + 32a$

7) From the sum of $2y^2 + 3yz$; $-y^2 - yz - z^2$ and $yz + 2z^2$, subtract the sum of $3y^2 - z^2$ and $-y^2 + yz + z^2$.

ans:- * $2y^2 + 3yz - y^2 - yz - z^2 + yz + 2z^2$

$3yz + 2y^2 - y^2 - z^2 + 2z^2 = y^2 + z^2 + 3yz$

* $3y^2 - z^2 - y^2 + yz + z^2 = 2y^2 + yz$

$\therefore y^2 + z^2 + 3yz - 2y^2 - yz = -y^2 + z^2 + 2yz$

8) Classify the following polynomials as monomials, binomials, trinomials: $-z + 5$; $x + y + z$; $y + z + 100$; $ab - ac$; 17

ans:-

monomial	binomial	trinomial
17.	$-z + 5$ $ab - ac$	$x + y + z$ $y + z + 100$

9) Add: $7xy + 5yz - 3zx$; $4yz + 9zx - 4y$; $-3xz + 5x - 2xy$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7xy + 5yz - 3zx \\
 0xy + 4yz + 9zx - 4y \\
 (+) \quad -2xy + 0yz - 3zx + 0y + 5x \\
 \hline
 5xy + 9yz + 3zx - 4y + 5x //
 \end{array}$$

10) Add:

(i) $t - 8tz$; $3tz - z$; $z - t$

ans:-

$$\begin{array}{r}
 t - 8tz \\
 0t + 3tz - z \\
 (+) \quad -t + 0tz + z \\
 \hline
 0 - 5tz + 0 = -5tz //
 \end{array}$$

(ii) $7mn + 5$; $12mn + 2$; $9mn - 8$; $-2mn - 3$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (7mn + 12mn + 9mn - 2mn) + (5 + 2 - 8 - 3) \\
 & = 26mn - 4 //
 \end{aligned}$$

(iii) $a + b - 3$; $b - a + 3$; $a - b + 3$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\cancel{a} - \cancel{a} + a) + (b + b - b) + (-3 + 3 + 3) \\
 & = a + b + 3 //
 \end{aligned}$$

(iv) $14x + 10y - 12xy - 13$; $18 - 7x - 10y + 8xy$; $4xy$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (14x - 7x) + (\cancel{10y} - \cancel{10y}) + (-12xy + 8xy + 4xy) + \\
 & \quad (-13 + 18) \\
 & = 7x + \cancel{-4xy} + \cancel{4xy} + 5 = 7x + 5 //
 \end{aligned}$$

(v) $5m - 7n$; $3n - 4m + 2$; $2m - 3mn - 5$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (5m - 4m + 2m) + (-7n + 3n) + (2 - 5) - 3mn \\
 & = 3m - 4n - 3 - 3mn //
 \end{aligned}$$

11) Subtract $5x^2 - 4y^2 + 6y - 3$ from $7x^2 - 4xy + 8y^2 + 5x - 3y$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (7x^2 - 4xy + 8y^2 + 5x - 3y) - (5x^2 - 4y^2 + 6y - 3) \\
 & = 7x^2 - 4xy + 8y^2 + 5x - 3y - 5x^2 + 4y^2 - 6y + 3 \\
 & = (7x^2 - 5x^2) + (8y^2 + 4y^2) + (-3y - 6y) - 4xy + 5x + 3 \\
 & = 2x^2 + 12y^2 - 9y - 4xy + 5x + 3 //
 \end{aligned}$$

12) Subtract $4a - 7ab + 3b + 12$ from $12a - 9ab + 5b - 3$

ans:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (12a - 9ab + 5b - 3) - (4a - 7ab + 3b + 12) \\
 & = 12a - 9ab + 5b - 3 - 4a + 7ab - 3b - 12 \\
 & = (12a - 4a) + (5b - 3b) + (-9ab + 7ab) + (3 - 12)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 8a + 2b - 2ab - 15$$

13) Subtract $3xy + 5yz - 7zx$ from $5xy - 2yz - 2zx + 10xyz$.

ans:- $(5xy - 2yz - 2zx + 10xyz) - (3xy + 5yz - 7zx)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5xy - 2yz - 2zx + 10xyz \\ (+) \quad (-) 3xy \quad (-) 5yz \quad (+) 7zx \\ \hline 2xy - 7yz + 5zx + 10xyz // \end{array}$$

14) Subtract $4p^2q - 3pq + 5pq^2 - 8p + 7q - 10$ from

$$18 - 3p - 11q + 5pq - 2pq^2 + 5p^2q$$

ans:- $(18 - 3p - 11q + 5pq - 2pq^2 + 5p^2q) - (4p^2q - 3pq + 5pq^2 - 8p + 7q - 10)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 - 3p - 11q + 5pq - 2pq^2 + 5p^2q \\ (+) \quad (-) 10 \quad (+) 8p \quad (-) 7q \quad (+) 3pq \quad (-) 5pq^2 \quad (-) 4p^2q \\ \hline 28 + 5p - 18q + 8pq - 7pq^2 + p^2q // \end{array}$$

(a)

15) What should be added to $x^2 + xy + y^2$ to obtain $2x^2 + 3xy$?

ans:- Let the expression to be added be X .

$$\text{Then, } x^2 + xy + y^2 + X = 2x^2 + 3xy$$

$$\therefore X = 2x^2 + 3xy - x^2 - xy - y^2$$

$$= (2x^2 - x^2) + (3xy - xy) - y^2$$

$$= x^2 + 2xy - y^2 //$$

(b) What should be subtracted from $2a + 8b + 10$ to get

$-3a + 7b + 16$? Let the expression to be subtracted be X

ans:- $(2a + 8b + 10) - X = -3a + 7b + 16$

$$2a + 8b + 10 + 3a - 7b - 16 = X$$

$$\therefore X = (2a + 3a) + (8b - 7b) + (10 - 16)$$

$$= 5a + b - 6 //$$

16) What should be taken away from $3x^2 - 4y^2 + 5xy + 20$ to obtain $-x^2 - y^2 + 6xy + 20$?

ans:- Let the expression to be subtracted be X .

$$\text{Then, } 3x^2 - 4y^2 + 5xy + 20 - X = -x^2 - y^2 + 6xy + 20$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x^2 - 4y^2 + 5xy + 20 + x^2 + y^2 - 6xy - 20 = X$$

$$\therefore X = (3x^2 + x^2) + (-4y^2 + y^2) + (5xy - 6xy)$$

$$= 4x^2 - 3y^2 - xy //$$

17) (a) from the sum of $3x - y + 11$ and $-y - 11$, Subtract

$$3x - y - 11$$

ans:- * $(3x - y + 11) + (-y - 11) = 3x - y - y + 11 - 11$
 $= 3x - 2y$

Then, $(3x - 2y) - (3x - y - 11)$
 $= 3x - 2y - 3x + y + 11$
 $= -y + 11 //$

(b) from the sum of $4 + 3x$ and $5 - 4x + 2x^2$, Subtract the sum of $3x^2 - 5x$ and $-x^2 + 2x + 5$.

ans:- * $4 + 3x + 5 - 4x + 2x^2 = 2x^2 + (3x - 4x) + (4 + 5)$
 $= 2x^2 - x + 9$

* $3x^2 - 5x - x^2 + 2x + 5 = (3x^2 - x^2) + (-5x + 2x) + 5$
 $= 2x^2 - 3x + 5$

Then, $(2x^2 - x + 9) - (2x^2 - 3x + 5)$
 $= 2x^2 - x + 9 - 2x^2 + 3x - 5$
 $= 2x + 4 //$

18) What should be the value of a if the value of $2x^2 + x + a$ equals to 5, when $x = 0$?

ans:- $2x^2 + x + a = 5$

when $x = 0$, $0 + 0 + a = 5$

$$\therefore a = 5 //$$

19) Simplify the expression and find its value when $a = 5$ and $b = -3$.

$$2(a^2 + ab) + 3 - ab$$

ans:- $2(a^2 + ab) + 3 - ab = 2a^2 + 2ab + 3 - ab$
 $= 2a^2 + ab + 3$

when $a = 5$, $b = -3$

$$2a^2 + ab + 3 = 2(5)^2 + 5 \times (-3) + 3$$

$$= 2 \times 25 - 15 + 3$$

$$= 50 - 12 = 38 //$$

20) If $p = -10$, find the value of $p^2 - 2p - 100$
ans:- when $p = -10$, $(-10)^2 - 2(-10) - 100$
 $= \cancel{100} + 20 - \cancel{100} = \underline{\underline{20}}$

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